

Permatex Nickel Anti-Seize Lubricant 8oz Brush Top Bottle

ITW AAMTech

Chemwatch: **5070-43**Version No: **9.1.1.1**

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: 10/10/2014 Print Date: 28/10/2014 Initial Date: Not Available S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Permatex Nickel Anti-Seize Lubricant 8oz Brush Top Bottle			
Chemical Name	Not Applicable			
Synonyms	PX77124 Permatex Nickel Anti-Seize Lubricant 8oz Brush Top Bottle, PX77164 Permatex Nickel Anti-Seize Lubricant 16oz Brush Top Bottle			
Proper shipping name	Not Applicable			
Chemical formula	Not Applicable			
Other means of identification	Not Available			
CAS number	Not Applicable			

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified	Anti-seize lubricant.
uses	7 11 11 00120 Tabiloanti

Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	ITW AAMTech
Address	100 Hassall Street 2164 NSW Australia
Telephone	1800 177 989
Fax	1800 308 556
Website	www.aamtech.com.au
Email	info@aamtech.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	1800 039 008
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9573 3112

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable			
GHS Classification [1]	Skin Sensitizer Category 1, Carcinogen Category 2, STOT - RE Category 1, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3			
Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008				

Label elements

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SIGNAL WORD	DANGE
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Hazard statement(s)

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction		
H351	Suspected of causing cancer		
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure		
H402	Harmful to aquatic life		

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.		
P280	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.		
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.		

Precautionary statement(s): Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap		
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.		
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.		

Precautionary statement(s): Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name	
64742-52-5.	>50	naphthenic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	
7440-02-0	10-20	nickel	
7782-42-5	5-15	graphite	
Not Available	5-15	oxygenated aliphatic hydrocarbon mixture	
7429-90-5	<2	aluminium powder coated	

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Description of first ai	d measures
Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: • Wash out immediately with fresh running water. • Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. • Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: ► Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ► Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ► Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.

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Ingestion

- If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.
- If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.
- Observe the patient carefully.
- ▶ Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.
- Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.
- ▶ Seek medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

- Heavy and persistent skin contamination over many years may lead to dysplastic changes. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
- In general, emesis induction is unnecessary with high viscosity, low volatility products, i.e. most oils and greases.
- High pressure accidental injection through the skin should be assessed for possible incision, irrigation and/or debridement.

NOTE: Injuries may not seem serious at first, but within a few hours tissue may become swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Product may be forced through considerable distances along tissue planes.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting

- ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
- Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

Fire/Explosion Hazard

- Combustible.
- Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.
- On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Slippery when spilt.

- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid contact with skin and eves.
- Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles.

Major Spills

Slippery when spilt.

- Minor hazard. Clear area of personnel.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

Remove all ignition sources.

- ▶ Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
- ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.

Other information

- ▶ Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- ▶ Metal can or drum
- ▶ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
- ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage incompatibility

▶ Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	nickel	Nickel, metal	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Sen
Australia Exposure Standards	graphite	Graphite (all forms except fibres) (respirable dust)(g)(natural & synthetic)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	aluminium powder coated	Aluminium (metal dust) / Aluminium (welding fumes) (as Al) / Aluminium, pyro powders (as Al)	10 mg/m3 / 5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
Permatex Nickel Anti-Seize Lubricant 8oz Brush Top Bottle	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
naphthenic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Not Available	Not Available
nickel	N.E. mg/m3 / N.E. ppm	10 mg/m3
graphite	N.E. mg/m3 / N.E. ppm	1,250 mg/m3
oxygenated aliphatic hydrocarbon mixture	Not Available	Not Available
aluminium powder coated	Not Available	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.	
Personal protection		
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. 	
Skin protection	See Hand protection below	
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. 	
Body protection	See Other protection below	

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Other protection

- Overalls.
- ▶ P.V.C. apron.
- Barrier cream.

Thermal hazards

Not Available

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection:

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Material CPI

- * CPI Chemwatch Performance Index
- A: Best Selection
- B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion
- C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2	A-PAPR-2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Grey combustible paste with a petroleum odour; not miscible with water.		
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.1
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	>93 (TCC)	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	<1 BuAc=1	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	0 (VOC)
Vapour pressure (kPa)	<0.667	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

iniormation on toxico	logical effects

ormation on toxico	logical effects		
Inhaled	Acute effects from inhalation of high vapour concentrations may be chest and nasal irritation with coughing, sneezing, headache and even nausea. Inhalation hazard is increased at higher temperatures.		
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting		
Skin Contact	substantial number of individuals healthy intact skin of animals, for of the exposure period. Skin irrit contact dermatitis (nonallergic). which may progress to blistering	tical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a s following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the or up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the entation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form on The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) to (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis. At the microscopic level there may prongy layer of the skin (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis.	
Еуе	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Repeated or prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation characterised by temporary redness (similar to windburn) of the conjunctiva (conjunctivitis); temporary impairment of vision and/or other transient eye damage/ulceration may occur.		
Chronic	substantial number of individuals Principal route of exposure is by droplets. Prolonged contact with dermatitis, pigmentation of the fooils no appreciable systemic effo	skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a s, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals. y skin contact; lesser exposures include inhalation of fumes from hot oils, oil mists or mineral oils carries with it the risk of skin conditions such as oil folliculitis, eczematous ace (melanosis) and warts on the sole of the foot (plantar warts). With highly refined mineral ects appear to result through skin absorption. dust is not expected during normal use.	
Permatex Nickel	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
Anti-Seize Lubricant 8oz Brush Top Bottle	Not Available	Not Available	
naphthenic distillate,	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
nickel	Intravenous (dog) LD50: 40 mg/kg		
	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
graphite	Not Available	Not Available	
aluminium powder	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
coated	Not Available	Not Available	

Not available. Refer to individual constituents.

NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY,

No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

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HYDROTREATED

(SEVERE)

The materials included in the Lubricating Base Oils category are related from both process and physical-chemical perspectives:

The potential toxicity of a specific distillate base oil is inversely related to the severity or extent of processing the oil has undergone, since:

- ▶ The adverse effects of these materials are associated with undesirable components, and
- ▶ The levels of the undesirable components are inversely related to the degree of processing;
- ▶ Distillate base oils receiving the same degree or extent of processing will have similar toxicities;
- ▶ The potential toxicity of residual base oils is independent of the degree of processing the oil receives.
- The reproductive and developmental toxicity of the distillate base oils is inversely related to the degree of processing.

Unrefined & mildly refined distillate base oils contain the highest levels of undesirable components, have the largest variation of hydrocarbon molecules and have shown the highest potential carcinogenic and mutagenic activities.

NICKEL

The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.

Oral (rat) TDLo: 500 mg/kg/5D-I Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 0.1 mg/m3/24H/17W-C

GRAPHITE

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. This may be due to a non-allergenic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur following exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Key criteria for the diagnosis of RADS include the absence of preceding respiratory disease, in a non-atopic individual, with abrupt onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. A reversible airflow pattern, on spirometry, with the presence of moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia, have also been included in the criteria for diagnosis of RADS.

ALUMINIUM POWDER COATED

No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	✓
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	✓	STOT - Repeated Exposure	~
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Leaend:

- Data required to make classification available
- 🗶 Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification
- Not Available to make classification

CMR STATUS

REPROTOXIN

nickel

ILO Chemicals in the electronics industry that have toxic effects on reproduction

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

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SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ▶ Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

naphthenic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)(64742-52-5.) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Exposure Standards", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"
nickel(7440-02-0) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Exposure Standards","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"
graphite(7782-42-5) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Exposure Standards", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"
aluminium powder coated(7429-90-5) is found on the following regulatory lists	"Australia Exposure Standards", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net/references

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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