**ITW AAMTech** 

Chemwatch: **8652748** Version No: **3.1.1.1** 

**Product Identifier** 

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Product name

**Chemical Name** 

Synonyms

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

Issue Date: 19/05/2014 Print Date: 21/05/2014 Initial Date: Not Available S.GHS.AUS.EN

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Premium Fabric Conditioner Mancode: JLFC5, Product code: HLC5

Septone Caresse

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

NOT APPLICABLE

Proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
Chemical formula	Not Applicable		
Other means of identification	Not Available		
CAS number	Not Applicable		
Relevant identified uses of the subst	ance or mixture and uses advised a	gainst	
Relevant identified uses	Fabric softener.		
Details of the supplier of the safety of	lata sheet		
Registered company name	ITW AAMTech		
Address	100 Hassall Street Wetherill Park 2164 NSW Australia		
Telephone	+61 2 9828 0900		
Fax	+61 2 9725 4698		
Website	Not Available	1 1 1	
Email	general@septone.com.au	1 1 1	
Emergency telephone number			
Association / Organisation	Not Available		1
Emergency telephone numbers	1800 039 008 (24 hours)		1 1 1
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9573 3112 (24 hours)	I I	1 1 1
SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICAT	TION		
Classification of the substance or mi	ixture		
NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. N	ON-DANGEROUS GOODS. Accord	ing to the Model WHS Regulations	and the ADG Code.
Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable		
GHS Classification	Not Applicable		

#### Hazard statement(s)

Label elements

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

**GHS** label elements

SIGNAL WORD

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

Issue Date: **19/05/2014**Print Date: **21/05/2014** 

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
67-63-0	0-10	<u>isopropanol</u>
Not Available	0-10	ingredients determined not to be hazardous
7732-18-5	60-100	<u>water</u>

# **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

# Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  Wash out immediately with fresh running water.  Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

# Extinguishing media

▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

# Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
rire incompatibility	I None known.

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Non combustible.</li> <li>Not considered to be a significant fire risk.</li> <li>Expansion or decomposition on heating may lead to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>Decomposes on heating and may produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li> <li>May emit acrid smoke.</li> </ul> Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of: carbon dioxide (CO2)

# **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Slippery when spilt.

Clean up all spills immediately.

• Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

Issue Date: 19/05/2014 Print Date: 21/05/2014

	<ul> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.</li> <li>Wipe up.</li> <li>Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	Slippery when spilt.  Minor hazard.  Clear area of personnel.  Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.  Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.  Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways.  Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

# **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<ul> <li>Limit all unnecessary personal contact.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> <li>Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> <li>Use good occupational work practice.</li> </ul>
Other information	<ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.</li> <li>Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this MSDS.</li> </ul>

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	<ul> <li>Metal can or drum</li> <li>Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.</li> <li>Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> </ul>
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents     Incompatible materials: soaps, detergents, anionic surfactants.

# PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

# SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Control parameters**

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

# INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	isopropanol	Isopropyl alcohol	983 (mg/m3) / 400 (ppm)	1230 (mg/m3) / 500 (ppm)	Not Available	Not Available

# **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
isopropanol	400(ppm)	400(ppm)	2000(ppm)	2000(ppm)
water	500(ppm)	500(ppm)	500(ppm)	500(ppm)

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
isopropanol	12,000(ppm)	2,000 [LEL](ppm)

Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities.  OTHERWISE: Safety glasses with side shields. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and

Issue Date: 19/05/2014 Print Date: 21/05/2014

	adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hand protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.  OTHERWISE: Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.  OTHERWISE:  Overalls.  Barrier cream.  Eyewash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

#### Recommended material(s)

#### **GLOVE SELECTION INDEX**

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

#### "Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the computergenerated selection:

Septone Caresse

Material	СРІ
NEOPRENE	A

\* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

\* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

#### Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	Air-line*	A-2 P2	A-PAPR-2 P2
up to 20 x ES	-	A-3 P2	-
20+ x ES	-	Air-line**	-

\* - Continuous-flow; \*\* - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

# **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Opaque pale blue viscous liquid with a pleasant fragrance; mixes with water.		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.005 @ 25C
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	5.2	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	As for water	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	92 w/w
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

# **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Issue Date: 19/05/2014 Print Date: 21/05/2014

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information	on	toxicological	effects
-------------	----	---------------	---------

Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis. At the microscopic level there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer of the skin (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis.
Еуе	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Repeated or prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation characterised by temporary redness (similar to windburn) of the conjunctiva (conjunctivitis); temporary impairment of vision and/or other transient eye damage/ulceration may occur.
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

Septone Caresse	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Septone Caresse	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 12800 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 10 mg - moderate
	Inhalation (Mouse) LC50: 53000 mg/m3/4h	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - SEVERE
	Inhalation (Rat) LC50: 72600 mg/m3/4h	Eye (rabbit): 100mg/24hr-moderate
	Intraperitoneal (Guinea pig) LD50: 2560 mg/kg	Skin (rabbit): 500 mg - mild
	Intraperitoneal (Mouse) LD50: 4477 mg/kg	
	Intraperitoneal (Rabbit) LD50: 667 mg/kg	
isopropanol	Intraperitoneal (Rat) LD50: 2735 mg/kg	
	Intravenous (Mouse) LD50: 1509 mg/kg	
	Intravenous (Rabbit) LD50: 1184 mg/kg	
	Intravenous (Rat) LD50: 1088 mg/kg	
	Oral (Mouse) LD50: 3600 mg/kg	
	Oral (Rabbit) LD50: 6410 mg/kg	
	Oral (Rat) LD50: 5000 mg/kg	
	Oral (rat) LD50: 5045 mg/kg	
	Not Available	Not Available
water	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
water	Not Available	Not Available

Not available. Refer to individual constituents.

ISOPROPANOL	For isopropanol (IPA): <b>Acute toxicity:</b> Isopropanol has a low order of acute toxicity. It is irritating to the eyes, but not to the skin. Very high vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, and throat, and prolonged exposure may produce central nervous system depression and narcosis. Human volunteers reported that exposure to 400 ppm isopropanol vapors for 3 to 5 min. caused mild irritation of the eyes, nose and throat. Although isopropanol produced little irritation when tested on the skin of human volunteers, there have been reports of isolated cases of dermal irritation and/or sensitization. The use of isopropanol as a sponge treatment for the control of fever has resulted in cases of intoxication, probably the result of both dermal absorption and inhalation.
WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

Issue Date: 19/05/2014 Print Date: 21/05/2014

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

#### **CMR STATUS**

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity**

#### DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

At normal use levels and following standard sewerage treatment, this product is expected to exhibit low toxicity towards aquatic organisms. However, the undiluted material should be prevented from entering waterways. The cationic surfactant contained in this product is considered to undergo ultimate biodegradation. None of the components of this product are expected to bioccumulate.

#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
Not Available	Not Available	

#### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Not Available	Not Available

#### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

#### Land transport (): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

# Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category	Residual Concentration - Outside Special Area (% w/w)	Residual Concentration
40-7-4-9-0-0-MK-20041022	isopropanol	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

# **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# isopropanol(67-63-0) is found on the following regulatory lists

"International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)","IOFI Global Reference List of Chemically Defined Substances","Australia Exposure Standards","International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index","FisherTransport Information","IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 2: Pollutant only mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Other Liquid Substances","United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (English)","Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - List of Emergency Action Codes","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution – Norway", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)", "Australia National Pollutant Inventory", "IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)", "United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (Spanish)", "OECD Existing Chemicals Database", "GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles", "Australia Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) - Dangerous Goods List", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists", "IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "Acros Transport

 Chemwatch: 8652748
 Page 7 of 7
 Issue Date: 19/05/2014

 Version No: 3.1.1.1
 Sentono Carosso
 Print Date: 21/05/2014

# Septone Caresse

Information","International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List"

"WHO Model List of Essential Medicines - Adults","Australia Inventory of Chemical S
(HPV) Chemicals","OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution – Norway","I

"WHO Model List of Essential Medicines - Adults","Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution – Norway", "IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)", "International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List"

# **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

following regulatory lists

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net/references

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

This document is copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purposes of private study, research, review or criticism, as permitted under the Copyright Act, no part may be reproduced by any process without written permission from CHEMWATCH. TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.